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DRAG ANALYSIS OF THE EXPLORER 17 SATELLITE

by

Jack Slowey

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ATMOSPHERIC DENSITIES AND TEMPERATURES FROM THE DRAG ANALYSIS OF THE
EXPLORER 17 SATELLITE¹

Jack Slowey²

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Abstract.--Atmospheric densities were obtained from the drag analysis of the Explorer 17 satellite in the interval from April 8, 1963 to October 9, 1963. We computed temperatures from the densities, using a modified version of Nicolet's (1961) atmospheric model. The analysis was based on field-reduced Baker-Nunn observations and on Minitrack observations. A study of the preliminary results reveals that:

- (a) The density in Nicolet's model corresponding to a given exospheric temperature is, relative to the densities higher up, too large at low heights. The same result was found in an earlier analysis of the Injun 3 satellite.
- (b) Irregular fluctuations in density, with a range corresponding to 30° - 40° in temperature, occur during geomagnetically quiet intervals. These fluctuations are correlated with small variations in the average K_p geomagnetic index.
- (c) The heating that accompanies smaller magnetic storms may be considerably greater than previous results have indicated. The increase in temperature may very well be proportional to K_p , rather than to a_p , for K_p equal to 6 or more.

1. General

Explorer 17 (1963 z1) was launched on April 3, 1963, in an orbit having an eccentricity of 0.05, an inclination of 57.6° and a mean perigee height of about 270 km. Known as the "atmospheric structure satellite," Explorer 17 contained instruments to measure several physical quantities important to our knowledge of the earth's upper atmosphere. Among these was a pressure gauge, from which atmospheric densities could be determined. The primary purpose of this paper is to present densities obtained from the analysis of the atmospheric drag on Explorer 17 for comparison with those obtained from the direct measurements. The results, based on an analysis of field-reduced Baker-Nunn observations and Minitrack observations, are preliminary. Better resolution will be possible when the precisely reduced Baker-Nunn observations become available.

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²Astronomer, Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory.

Although the active life of Explorer 17 ended about July 10, 1963, in order to provide more complete coverage of the several sources of slow variation, we continued analysis of the drag until October 9.

2. Densities and temperatures

The methods used to determine orbital acceleration and to compute densities were essentially the same as those previously described by Jacchia and Slowey (1963a). Densities were computed by numerical integration of Sterne's integral in the form that includes the effect of atmospheric rotation (Sterne, 1958, 1959). The empirical atmospheric model previously used in the integration (Jacchia and Slowey, 1963a, 1964a) was, however, replaced with the latest version of Nicolet's (1961) model--referred to as Nicolet II in an earlier paper (Jacchia and Slowey 1964a). This model was used in combination with Jacchia's (1964) model for the diurnal temperature variation. Since Nicolet's model tabulates density as a function of exospheric temperature, and since the exact temperature could not be known beforehand, it was necessary to proceed by iteration. We obtained an initial temperature from the known relation between the temperature and the 10.7-cm solar flux (Jacchia, 1964), taking a mean value of the flux. To obtain a better value of the temperature we then entered in the model the computed density at each point and repeated the computation. A single iteration of this kind was sufficient.

Explorer 17 is a nearly spherical object, 35 inches in diameter. The mean presentation area, computed from drawings supplied by NASA, is 6597 cm^2 . Since the mass of the satellite, according to NASA, is 1.855×10^5 grams, the area-to-mass ratio is $.0356 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$. The drag coefficient, as usual, was taken to be 2.2.

The results of the analysis, together with other pertinent parameters, are given in Table 1 as a function of the time in Modified Julian Days (JD - 2400000.5); time is listed in the first column. Tabulation is at 1-day intervals except during magnetic storms, when the interval is 0.2 day. The gap of 9 days following MJD 38258 was the result of a scarcity of observations in that interval. The observed rate of change of the anomalistic period is given in the second column. The correction for the effect of solar radiation pressure, for which the third column is reserved, can be ignored at this height; for this reason column three is blank. The "corrected" value of dP/dt in column four, from which the density was computed, is just the rounded value from column two. The common logarithms of the perigee density, in gm/cm^3 , at perigee height and at a standard height of 270 km are listed in columns five and six. We used Nicolet's model to make the reduction to standard height. The exospheric temperature at perigee, computed from Nicolet's model, is given in column seven. The next three columns give, in order, the perigee height, the difference in right ascension between perigee and the sun, and the difference in declination between perigee and the sun. The last column gives the nighttime temperature computed from the perigee value by use of Jacchia's model of the diurnal variation.

The logarithm of the standard perigee density and the corresponding exospheric temperature from Nicolet's model are plotted in Figure 1. Normalized curves of the diurnal and semiannual variations and plots of the 10.7-cm solar flux and the daily geomagnetic index A_p are shown for comparison.

3. Irregular variations in density during geomagnetically quiet intervals

The temperature at perigee is again plotted at the top of Figure 2. The three strips below it show the result of successively eliminating the diurnal variation, the semiannual variation, and the variation correlated with the decimetric solar flux by means of Jacchia's (1964) model for these variations. Specifically, the temperature plotted in the last of these strips is the nighttime exospheric temperature corrected for the semiannual variation and reduced to a mean value of the 10.7-cm solar flux $\bar{F}_{10.7} = 81 \times 10^{-22}$ watts/m²/cycle/sec bandwidth. Perturbations related to magnetic storms have been excluded from this strip.

The "corrected" temperatures plotted in Figure 2 reveal several things. In the first place, the temperatures are systematically lower than would be expected from Nicolet's model at greater heights. This confirms the result from the Injun 3 satellite reported earlier (Jacchia and Slowey, 1964a). The average temperature from Figure 2 near July 1, when the perigee was actually quite close to the nighttime minimum is about 635°. This corresponds to an observed density of 1.5×10^{-14} g/cm³ at 270 km. On the other hand, the relationship between the nighttime value of the temperature and the 10.7-cm flux determined by Jacchia (1964) from higher satellites gives a temperature of 704° for $\bar{F}_{10.7} = 81$. The corresponding density from Nicolet's model is 2.1×10^{-14} g/cm³ or 1.4 times the observed value. Densities in the model appear to be significantly higher, relatively, than they should be at low heights.

Figure 2 also indicates a slight overcorrection for the diurnal variation. Since Jacchia's model has been quite successful in reducing the diurnal variation for other satellites, we assume that this overcorrection results from an incorrect variation of $d\phi/dT$ with height in Nicolet's model. Quantitatively, if the result of the previous paragraph is taken into account, the difference in amplitude is about 40°, or nearly 20 percent, in the temperature.

The most interesting thing about Figure 2, however, is that it clearly reveals irregular fluctuations in temperature that are not accounted for by the other variations. These fluctuations have a characteristic time on the order of 10 days and an average temperature range of 30°-40°, corresponding to a variation of 15-20 percent in the density at perigee. They are correlated with variations in the K_p geomagnetic index (Jacchia and Slowey, 1964b).

Figure 3 shows temperatures from Explorer 8 and Injun 3 reduced in the same way as in figure 2 and plotted with the Explorer 17 results and the (two-day) average of the three-hourly K_p index. The fluctuations are essentially identical in the curves of all three satellites and, as well as can be determined, proportional to the K_p index. The constant of proportionality, $\Delta T/\Delta K_p$, is about 40°.

4. Heating during magnetic storms

Although 12 perturbations associated with larger geomagnetic disturbances were detected, adequate resolution could be obtained for only 10 of these. For each of the 10, the temperature outside the perturbation was corrected to $K_p = 0$, and the increase in temperature, ΔT , at maximum was determined. The values of ΔT are listed with the corresponding maximum values of K_p and a_p in Table 2.

Most of the disturbances were of moderate intensity; in only three cases was $K_p > 6$ at maximum. These smaller storms give values of $\Delta T/a_p$ between 2° and 4° --considerably higher than the $1^\circ 0$ or $1^\circ 2$ that would have been expected from previous results (Jacchia and Slowey, 1963b) assuming a linear relationship between ΔT and the a_p index. Indeed, the temperature increase seems to be nearly proportional to the K_p index for values up to $K_p = 6$ or more. The temperature increase for the 10 storms is plotted as a function of the maximum K_p in Figure 4. A value of $\Delta T/\Delta K_p$ on the order of 30° is indicated--not too much different from the value during unperturbed intervals quoted above. The value here would be increased somewhat if the fact that the resolution in the temperature is lower than that in K_p were taken into account. It should be emphasized, however, that proportionality with the K_p index does not hold for large storms; in this case the increase in temperature is more nearly proportional to the a_p index (see Jacchia and Slowey, 1964b).

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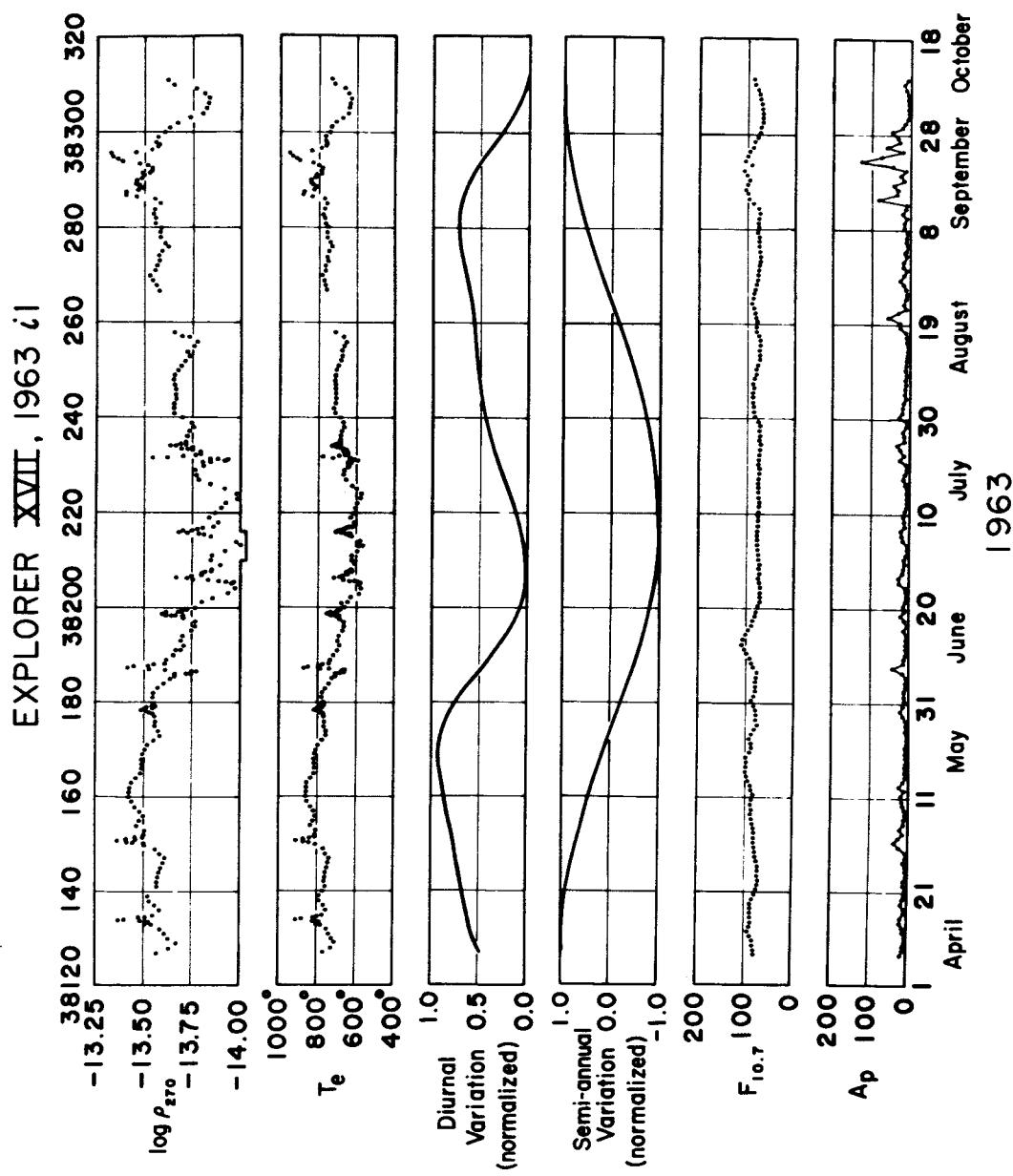


Figure 1.--Logarithms of the atmospheric densities determined from the drag analysis of the Explorer 17 satellite reduced to a standard height of 270 km (first strip) and the corresponding exospheric temperatures from Nicolet's model (second strip). Normalized curves of the diurnal variation and the semiannual variation and plots of the 10.7-cm solar flux (units of 10^{-22} watts/m²/cycle/sec bandwidth) and A_p geomagnetic index are shown for comparison.

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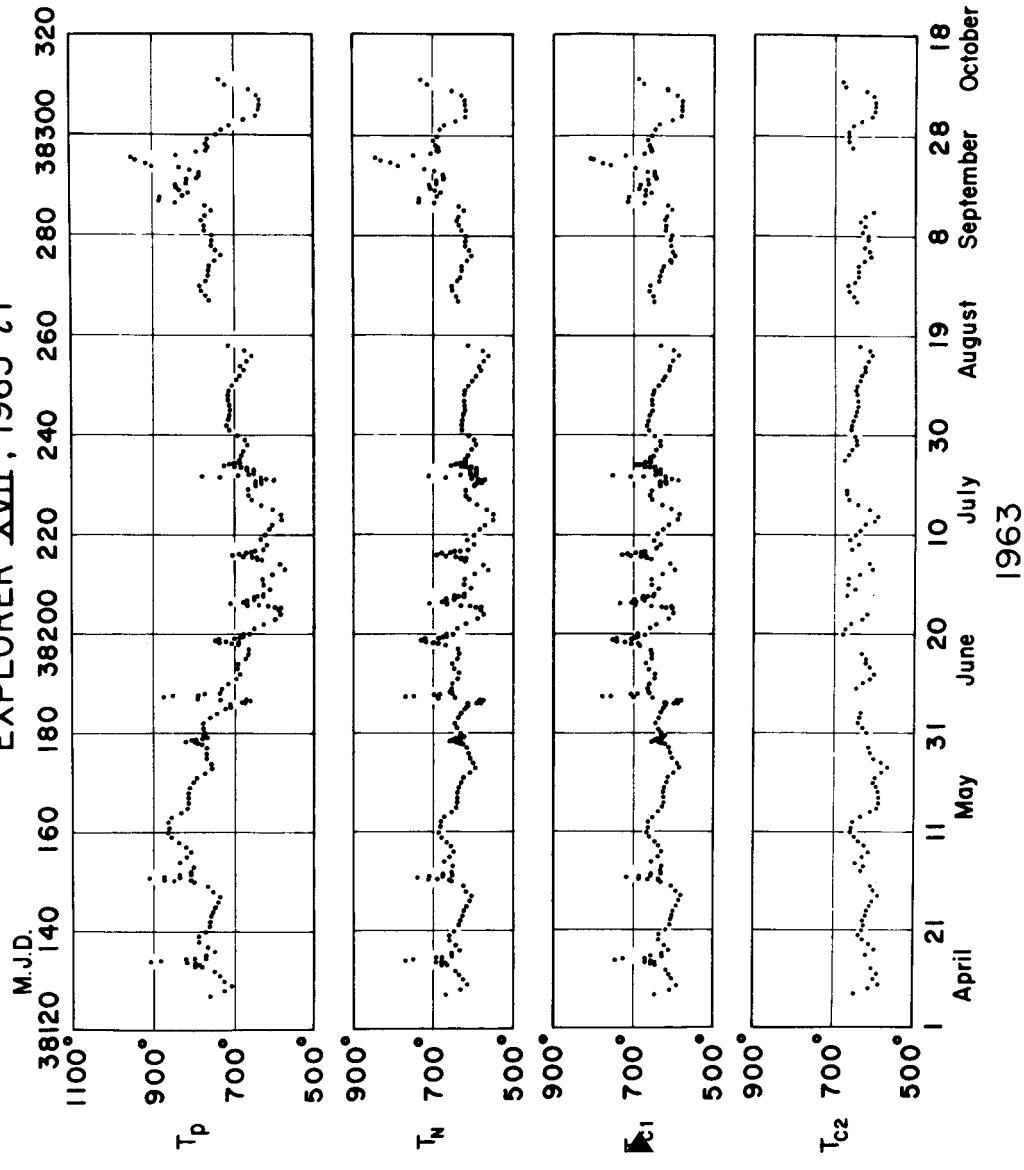


Figure 2.--The exospheric temperature at perigee from Nicolet's model for Explorer 17 (first strip) showing the result of successively eliminating the diurnal variation (second strip), the semianual variation (third strip) and the variation with the decimetric solar flux (bottom strip). Perturbations related to magnetic storms have been excluded from the bottom strip.

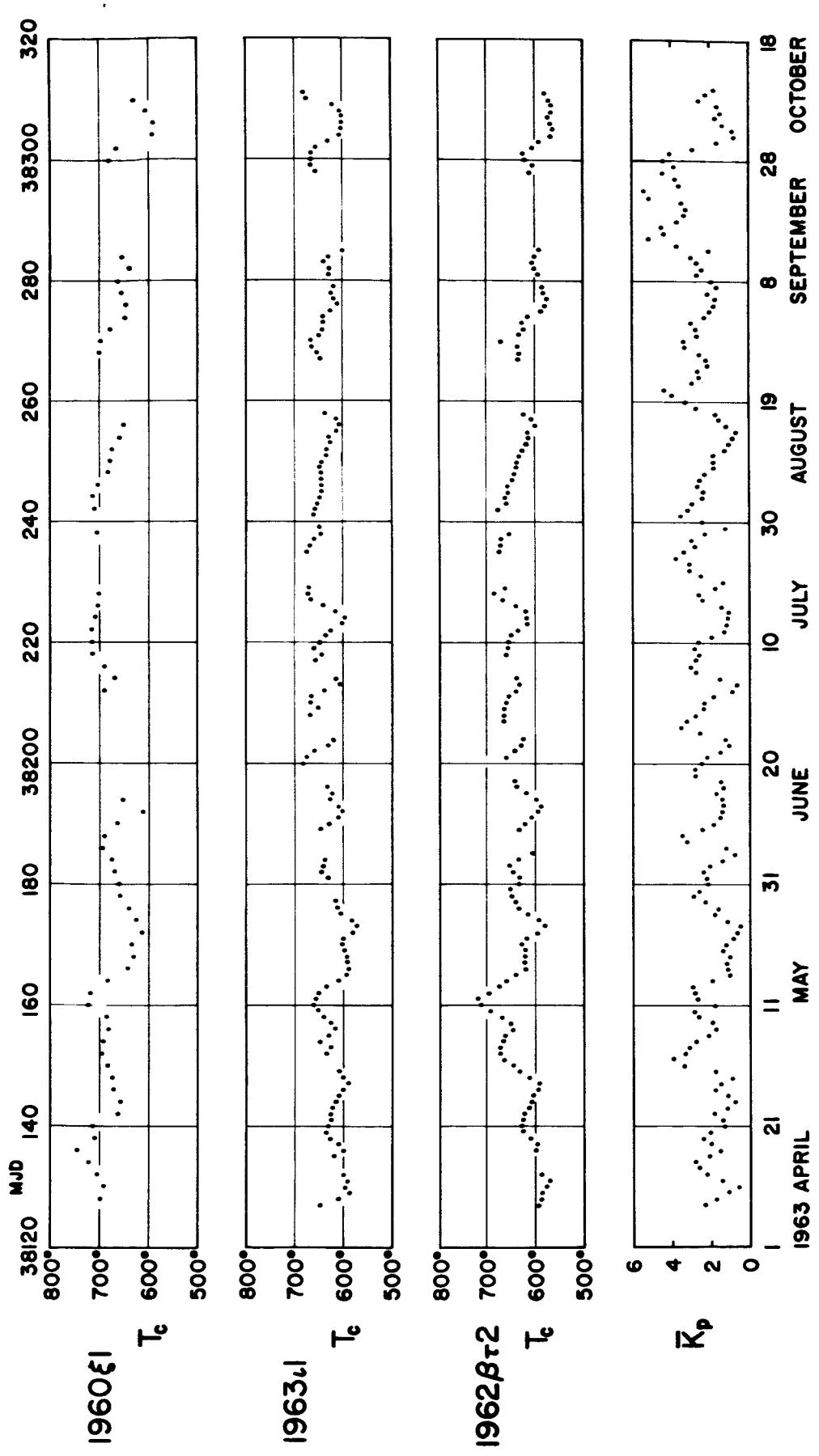


Figure 3.--Exospheric temperatures determined from Explorer 8 (1960 51, perigee height 426 km), Explorer 17 (1963 21, perigee height 270 km) and Injun 3 (1962 8r2, perigee height 250 km) reduced in the same way as in Figure 2. The two-day running mean of the three-hourly geomagnetic index, \bar{K}_p , is plotted in the bottom strip. (From Jacchia and Slovev, 1964b.)

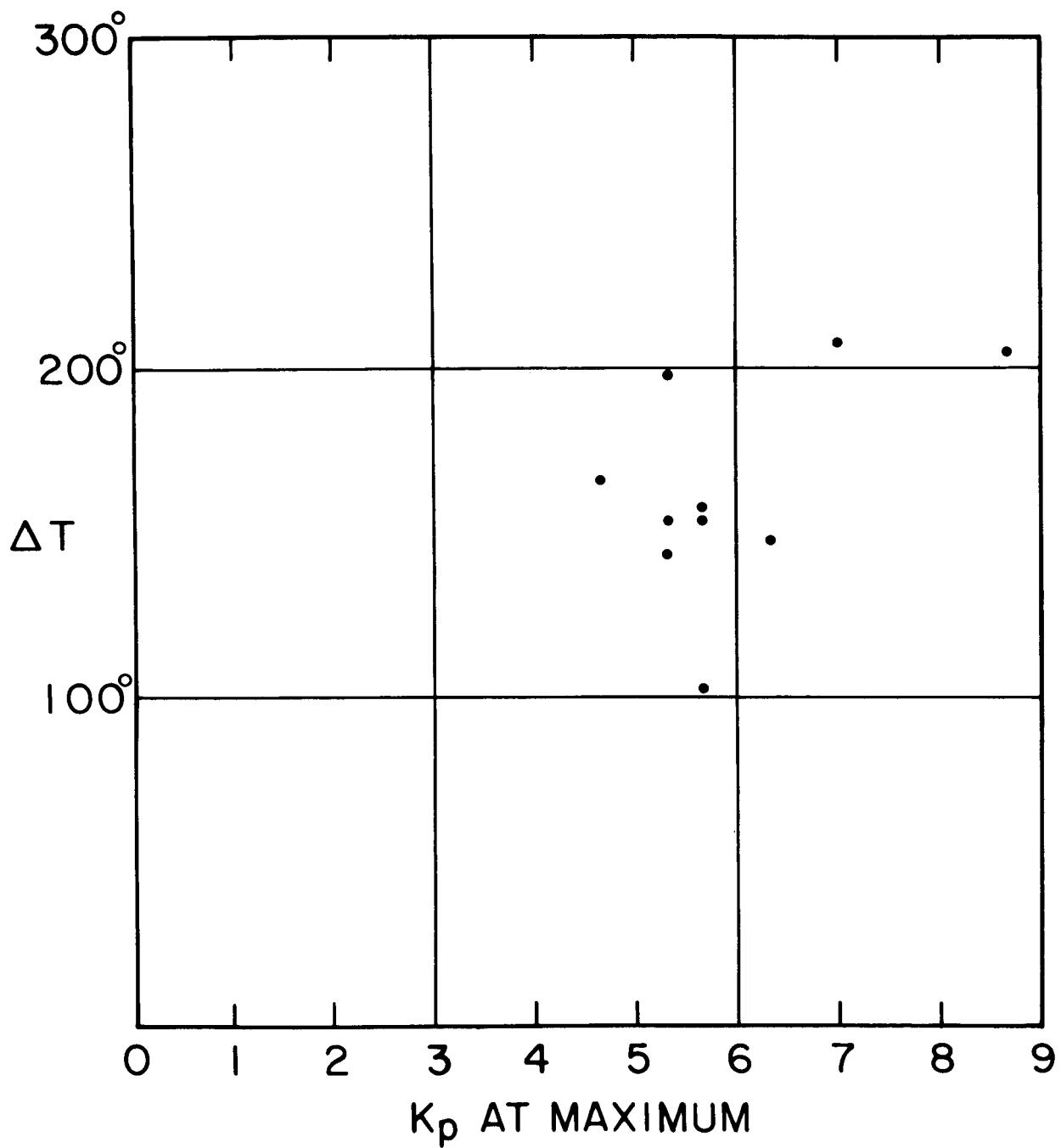


Figure 4.--The temperature increase at maximum during magnetic storms as a function of the corresponding maximum in the K_p geomagnetic index. The plotted points represent the data of Table 2.

Table 1.--Acceleration, drag, atmospheric densities, atmospheric temperature,
and geometric parameters

MJD	$-10^6 \dot{P}$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_R$	$-10^6 P_A$	$\log \rho_{\pi}$	$\log \rho_s$	T_{π} (°K)	z (km)	$\alpha_{\pi} - \alpha_{\odot}$	$\delta_{\pi} - \delta_{\odot}$	T_N (°K)
38127.0	2.65	2.6	-13.43	-13.57	764	259.2	127.1	38.5	668	
28.0	2.25	2.2	.49	.63	727	259.6	124.0	39.1	632	
29.0	2.05	2.0	.53	.67	709	259.9	120.9	39.6	613	
30.0	2.22	2.2	.50	.63	728	260.2	117.8	40.2	627	
31.0	2.32	2.3	.48	.61	739	260.5	114.8	40.7	634	
32.0	2.43	2.4	.47	.59	752	260.8	111.9	41.2	642	
33.0	2.75	2.7	.42	.53	785	261.1	109.1	41.7	668	
38133.2	2.93	2.9	-13.40	-13.51	800	261.1	108.5	41.8	680	
33.4	2.81	2.8	.41	.53	790	261.2	108.0	41.9	671	
33.6	2.91	2.9	.40	.51	800	261.3	107.4	42.0	679	
33.8	3.13	3.1	.37	.48	819	261.3	106.9	42.1	695	
34.0	4.13	4.1	.27	.37	910	261.4	106.3	42.1	771	
34.2	3.78	3.8	.30	.40	883	261.4	105.8	42.2	748	
34.4	3.10	3.1	.37	.48	821	261.5	105.2	42.3	694	
34.6	2.87	2.9	.40	.51	802	261.5	104.7	42.4	678	
34.8	2.64	2.6	.44	.55	773	261.6	104.2	42.5	653	
35.0	2.63	2.6	.44	.55	774	261.6	103.6	42.5	653	
38136.0	2.40	2.4	-13.47	-13.58	756	261.9	101.0	42.9	636	
37.0	2.53	2.5	.45	.56	770	262.1	98.5	43.2	646	
38.0	2.71	2.7	.43	.53	789	262.3	96.0	43.5	660	
39.0	2.72	2.7	.43	.52	792	262.5	93.6	43.8	660	
40.0	2.53	2.5	.46	.55	774	262.7	91.2	43.9	644	
41.0	2.41	2.4	.47	.57	763	262.9	89.0	44.1	633	
42.0	2.40	2.4	.48	.57	764	263.0	86.8	44.2	632	
43.0	2.37	2.4	.48	.57	762	263.1	84.6	44.2	629	
44.0	2.32	2.3	.49	.58	758	263.2	82.5	44.2	624	
45.0	2.24	2.2	.50	.59	750	263.3	80.4	44.1	616	
46.0	2.18	2.2	.51	.60	745	263.4	78.4	43.9	610	
47.0	2.11	2.1	.52	.61	738	263.4	76.4	43.7	604	
48.0	2.29	2.3	.49	.58	757	263.4	74.4	43.4	618	
49.0	2.40	2.4	.47	.56	769	263.4	72.4	43.1	626	
50.0	2.77	2.8	.42	.50	807	263.3	70.4	42.7	655	
38150.2	2.84	2.8	-13.41	-13.50	810	263.3	70.0	42.6	658	
50.4	3.18	3.2	.36	.44	848	263.3	69.6	42.5	689	
50.6	3.53	3.5	.33	.41	876	263.3	69.2	42.5	711	
50.8	3.87	3.9	.29	.37	913	263.3	68.8	42.4	740	
51.0	3.55	3.5	.33	.41	876	263.3	68.3	42.3	710	
51.2	3.11	3.1	.37	.46	839	263.2	67.9	42.2	680	
51.4	3.12	3.1	.37	.46	839	263.2	67.5	42.1	679	
51.6	2.80	2.8	.41	.50	810	263.2	67.1	42.0	655	
51.8	2.81	2.8	.41	.50	810	263.2	66.7	41.9	655	
52.0	2.82	2.8	.41	.50	810	263.2	66.3	41.7	655	
38153.0	2.75	2.7	-13.42	-13.50	804	263.0	64.2	41.2	649	
54.0	3.08	3.1	.37	.46	836	262.9	62.0	40.5	673	
55.0	2.93	2.9	.39	.48	821	262.7	59.8	39.8	659	
56.0	2.84	2.8	.40	.49	811	262.5	57.6	39.1	650	
57.0	2.97	3.0	.38	.48	823	262.3	55.3	38.3	657	
58.0	3.16	3.2	.36	.46	839	262.0	52.9	37.5	669	
59.0	3.38	3.4	.33	.43	858	261.8	50.4	36.6	682	
60.0	3.49	3.5	.32	.42	866	261.4	47.8	35.6	687	
61.0	3.47	3.5	.32	.43	862	261.1	45.2	34.6	682	
62.0	3.51	3.5	.31	.42	863	260.8	42.5	33.6	681	
63.0	3.44	3.4	.32	.44	854	260.4	39.7	32.6	673	
64.0	3.28	3.3	.33	.46	834	259.7	36.9	31.5	656	
65.0	3.11	3.1	.35	.49	818	259.5	34.0	30.4	642	
66.0	3.11	3.1	.35	.49	817	259.4	30.9	29.2	640	

MJD	$-10^6 \dot{P}$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_R$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_A$	$\log \rho_{\pi}$	$\log \rho_s$	T_{π} (°K)	z (km)	$\alpha_{\pi} - \alpha_{\odot}$	$\delta_{\pi} - \delta_{\odot}$	T_N (°K)
38167.0	3.12	3.1	-13.35	-13.49	817	259.2	27.8	28.1	639	
68.0	3.12	3.1	.35	.49	816	259.1	24.7	26.9	638	
69.0	3.10	3.1	.35	.49	813	258.9	21.4	25.7	636	
70.0	3.03	3.0	.36	.50	805	258.7	18.1	24.4	630	
71.0	2.95	2.9	.37	.52	796	258.5	14.8	23.2	623	
72.0	2.75	2.7	.40	.55	775	258.3	11.4	21.9	608	
73.0	2.58	2.6	.42	.58	758	258.1	7.9	20.7	596	
74.0	2.61	2.6	.42	.58	759	257.8	4.4	19.4	599	
75.0	2.75	2.7	.39	.56	771	257.6	0.8	18.1	610	
76.0	2.76	2.8	.39	.56	770	257.4	357.2	16.7	612	
77.0	2.79	2.8	.39	.56	771	257.2	353.6	15.4	616	
38177.8	2.86	2.9	-13.37	-13.54	780	257.0	350.6	14.4	626	
78.0	2.97	3.0	.36	.53	789	256.9	349.9	14.1	634	
78.2	3.08	3.1	.35	.51	798	256.9	349.2	13.8	642	
78.4	3.30	3.3	.32	.49	815	256.9	348.4	13.6	657	
78.6	3.18	3.2	.33	.50	806	256.8	347.7	13.3	651	
78.8	3.06	3.1	.35	.52	797	256.8	346.9	13.0	644	
79.0	2.95	2.9	.37	.54	778	256.7	346.2	12.7	630	
79.2	2.83	2.8	.39	.56	769	256.7	345.4	12.5	623	
79.4	2.94	2.9	.37	.55	778	256.6	344.7	12.2	631	
38180.0	2.89	2.9	-13.37	-13.55	776	256.5	342.4	11.4	632	
81.0	2.93	2.9	.37	.55	778	256.3	338.6	10.0	639	
82.0	2.93	2.9	.37	.55	776	256.1	334.8	8.7	644	
83.0	2.78	2.8	.39	.57	761	255.9	330.9	7.3	637	
84.0	2.61	2.6	.41	.60	744	255.7	327.0	6.0	629	
85.0	2.43	2.4	.44	.64	726	255.5	323.1	4.6	620	
38185.6	2.28	2.3	-13.46	-13.66	713	255.4	320.7	3.8	613	
85.8	2.28	2.3	.46	.66	713	255.4	320.0	3.5	614	
86.0	2.27	2.3	.46	.66	712	255.4	319.2	3.2	616	
86.2	2.04	2.0	.51	.72	683	255.3	318.4	2.9	591	
86.4	1.92	1.9	.53	.74	672	255.3	317.6	2.7	584	
86.6	1.79	1.8	.56	.77	662	255.3	316.8	2.4	576	
86.8	1.90	1.9	.53	.74	672	255.2	316.0	2.1	586	
87.0	2.56	2.6	.41	.61	739	255.2	315.2	1.8	646	
87.2	3.22	3.2	.33	.52	793	255.2	314.4	1.6	694	
87.4	4.21	4.2	.23	.41	877	255.1	313.6	1.3	770	
87.6	3.87	3.9	.26	.44	852	255.1	312.8	1.0	750	
87.8	3.19	3.2	.33	.52	792	255.1	312.0	0.7	699	
88.0	2.96	3.0	.36	.55	774	255.1	311.2	0.5	684	
88.2	2.61	2.6	.41	.61	738	255.0	310.4	0.2	654	
88.4	2.60	2.6	.41	.61	738	255.0	309.6	-0.1	655	
38189.0	2.56	2.6	-13.42	-13.62	734	254.9	307.2	-0.9	656	
90.0	2.39	2.4	.44	.65	717	254.8	303.2	-2.3	648	
91.0	2.19	2.2	.48	.69	698	254.8	299.1	-3.7	638	
92.0	2.10	2.1	.49	.71	689	254.7	295.1	-5.0	636	
93.0	2.17	2.2	.48	.70	695	254.6	291.0	-6.4	649	
94.0	2.15	2.1	.48	.70	693	254.6	286.9	-7.8	653	
95.0	1.94	1.9	.52	.74	672	254.6	282.8	-9.1	639	
96.0	1.86	1.9	.54	.76	664	254.6	278.7	-10.5	636	
97.0	1.84	1.8	.55	.76	664	255.0	274.6	-11.9	641	
38197.8	2.07	2.1	-13.49	-13.71	691	255.0	271.3	-13.0	670	
98.0	2.06	2.1	.49	.70	691	255.0	270.5	-13.3	671	
98.2	2.27	2.3	.46	.67	710	255.0	269.7	-13.5	691	
98.4	2.37	2.4	.44	.65	720	255.1	268.8	-13.8	701	
98.6	2.58	2.6	.41	.61	738	255.1	268.0	-14.1	720	

MJD	$-10^6 \dot{P}$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_R$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_A$	$\log p_{\pi}$	$\log p_s$	T_{π} (°K)	z (km)	$\alpha_{\pi} - \alpha_{\odot}$	$\delta_{\pi} - \delta_{\odot}$	T_N (°K)
38198.8	2.68	2.7	-13.40	-13.60	747	255.1	267.2	-14.4	729	
99.0	2.56	2.6	.41	.61	738	255.1	266.4	-14.6	721	
99.2	2.21	2.2	.48	.68	701	255.1	265.5	-14.9	686	
99.4	2.09	2.1	.49	.70	692	255.2	264.7	-15.2	677	
99.6	1.96	2.0	.51	.72	682	255.2	263.9	-15.4	668	
99.8	1.95	2.0	.51	.72	682	255.2	263.1	-15.7	669	
38200.0	1.82	1.8	.55	.76	664	255.2	262.2	-16.0	651	
38201.0	1.67	1.7	-13.58	-13.80	649	255.4	258.1	-17.3	639	
02.0	1.46	1.5	.64	.85	625	255.5	254.0	-18.7	618	
03.0	1.20	1.2	.71	.94	593	255.7	249.8	-20.1	588	
04.0	1.10	1.1	.75	.97	581	256.0	245.7	-21.4	577	
05.0	1.11	1.1	.75	.96	584	256.2	241.5	-22.7	580	
38205.2	1.13	1.1	-13.75	-13.97	583	256.3	240.7	-23.0	580	
05.4	1.23	1.2	.72	.93	597	256.3	239.9	-23.3	593	
05.6	1.33	1.3	.68	.89	610	256.4	239.0	-23.5	607	
05.8	1.55	1.5	.63	.83	635	256.4	238.2	-23.8	632	
06.0	1.76	1.8	.56	.75	670	256.5	237.4	-24.1	666	
06.2	2.20	2.2	.48	.66	711	256.6	236.6	-24.3	707	
06.4	1.86	1.9	.54	.73	681	256.6	235.7	-24.6	678	
06.6	1.85	1.8	.56	.75	671	256.7	234.9	-24.9	667	
06.8	1.84	1.8	.56	.75	671	256.7	234.1	-25.1	668	
07.0	1.61	1.6	.60	.80	649	256.8	233.2	-25.4	646	
07.2	1.60	1.6	.60	.79	649	256.9	232.4	-25.7	647	
07.4	1.60	1.6	.60	.79	650	256.9	231.6	-25.9	647	
07.6	1.48	1.5	.63	.82	638	257.0	230.8	-26.2	636	
07.8	1.36	1.4	.66	.85	626	257.1	229.9	-26.5	624	
38208.0	1.39	1.4	-13.66	-13.85	625	257.1	229.1	-26.7	623	
09.0	1.24	1.2	.71	.90	608	257.5	225.0	-28.0	605	
10.0	1.37	1.4	.67	.85	627	257.9	220.8	-29.3	624	
11.0	1.36	1.4	.67	.85	627	258.3	216.7	-30.6	624	
12.0	1.14	1.1	.74	.92	600	258.7	212.6	-31.9	596	
13.0	0.92	0.9	.83	-14.00	570	259.2	208.5	-33.2	565	
14.0	0.97	1.0	.81	-13.97	580	259.7	204.4	-34.5	573	
15.0	1.32	1.3	.69	.84	631	260.2	200.3	-35.8	622	
38215.2	1.38	1.4	-13.67	-13.81	642	260.3	199.5	-36.0	633	
15.4	1.37	1.4	.67	.81	643	260.4	198.6	-36.3	633	
15.6	1.48	1.5	.64	.78	656	260.5	197.8	-36.5	645	
15.8	1.70	1.7	.59	.73	680	260.6	197.0	-36.8	669	
16.0	1.92	1.9	.55	.68	703	260.7	196.2	-37.0	691	
16.2	1.81	1.8	.57	.70	693	260.8	195.4	-37.3	680	
16.4	1.58	1.6	.62	.75	670	260.9	194.6	-37.5	658	
16.6	1.47	1.5	.64	.77	659	261.0	193.8	-37.8	646	
16.8	1.35	1.4	.67	.80	647	261.1	192.9	-38.0	633	
38217.0	1.23	1.2	-13.72	-13.85	625	261.2	192.1	-38.3	611	
18.0	1.13	1.1	.76	.88	613	261.8	188.1	-39.5	598	
19.0	1.25	1.2	.72	.83	633	262.4	184.0	-40.8	615	
20.0	1.15	1.1	.76	.86	622	263.0	180.0	-42.0	601	
21.0	1.04	1.0	.80	.89	608	263.6	176.0	-43.2	585	
22.0	0.96	1.0	.83	.92	599	264.3	172.0	-44.4	574	
23.0	0.81	0.8	.90	.98	577	264.9	168.1	-45.6	550	
24.0	0.80	0.8	.91	.98	578	265.6	164.1	-46.7	548	
25.0	0.91	0.9	.86	.92	599	266.3	160.2	-47.9	566	
26.0	1.06	1.1	.81	.84	629	267.5	156.3	-49.1	591	
27.0	1.23	1.2	.75	.78	657	268.0	152.5	-50.2	614	
28.0	1.27	1.3	.74	.76	665	268.6	148.7	-51.3	618	

MJD	$-10^6 \dot{P}$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_R$	$-10^6 \dot{P}_A$	$\log \rho_{\pi}$	$\log \rho_s$	T_{π} (°K)	z (km)	$\alpha_{\pi} - \alpha_{\odot}$	$\delta_{\pi} - \delta_{\odot}$	T_N (°K)
38229.0	1.26	1.3	-13.75	-13.76	666	269.2	144.9	-52.4	616	
30.0	1.11	1.1	.80	.80	647	269.8	141.1	-53.5	595	
38230.2	1.07	1.1	-13.80	-13.80	645	269.9	140.4	-53.7	594	
30.4	1.07	1.1	.80	.80	646	270.0	139.6	-54.0	594	
30.6	0.96	1.0	.84	.84	631	270.1	138.9	-54.2	579	
30.8	0.96	1.0	.84	.84	631	270.2	138.1	-54.4	579	
31.0	0.85	0.8	.93	.92	597	270.4	137.4	-54.6	548	
31.2	0.85	0.9	.88	.88	615	270.5	136.7	-54.8	564	
31.4	0.96	1.0	.84	.83	633	270.6	135.9	-55.0	579	
31.6	1.74	1.7	.63	.62	732	270.7	135.2	-55.2	669	
31.8	2.08	2.1	.55	.54	781	270.8	134.5	-55.4	713	
32.0	1.41	1.4	.71	.70	694	271.0	133.7	-55.6	633	
32.2	1.19	1.2	.77	.76	666	271.1	133.0	-55.9	607	
32.4	1.08	1.1	.81	.79	651	271.2	132.3	-56.1	593	
32.6	1.08	1.1	.81	.79	652	271.3	131.5	-56.3	593	
32.8	1.08	1.1	.81	.79	652	271.4	130.8	-56.5	593	
33.0	1.08	1.1	.81	.79	653	271.5	130.1	-56.7	593	
33.2	1.19	1.2	.78	.75	669	271.7	129.4	-56.9	607	
33.4	1.19	1.2	.78	.75	669	271.8	128.7	-57.1	607	
33.6	1.31	1.3	.75	.72	684	271.9	127.9	-57.3	620	
33.8	1.42	1.4	.72	.69	699	272.0	127.2	-57.5	633	
34.0	1.64	1.6	.66	.63	726	272.1	126.5	-57.7	657	
34.2	1.53	1.5	.69	.66	714	272.3	125.8	-57.9	645	
34.4	1.42	1.4	.72	.68	701	272.4	125.1	-58.1	633	
34.6	1.31	1.3	.75	.71	687	272.5	124.4	-58.3	620	
34.8	1.31	1.3	.75	.71	688	272.6	123.7	-58.5	620	
35.0	1.31	1.3	.75	.71	688	272.7	123.0	-58.7	620	
38236.0	1.25	1.2	-13.77	-13.72	684	273.3	119.5	-59.7	613	
37.0	1.20	1.2	.79	.73	679	273.9	116.1	-60.6	607	
38.0	1.11	1.1	.82	.75	668	274.5	112.7	-61.5	595	
39.0	1.13	1.1	.81	.74	674	275.1	109.4	-62.4	598	
40.0	1.24	1.2	.78	.70	693	275.7	106.1	-63.3	614	
41.0	1.37	1.4	.74	.66	715	276.2	103.0	-64.1	631	
42.0	1.37	1.4	.74	.65	718	276.8	99.9	-65.0	632	
43.0	1.33	1.3	.76	.66	715	277.3	96.8	-65.7	628	
44.0	1.30	1.3	.77	.66	714	277.8	93.9	-66.5	625	
45.0	1.27	1.3	.78	.66	712	278.4	91.0	-67.1	622	
46.0	1.26	1.3	.78	.66	713	278.9	88.3	-67.8	622	
47.0	1.26	1.3	.78	.65	716	279.3	85.6	-68.4	623	
48.0	1.25	1.2	.79	.65	717	279.8	83.0	-69.0	623	
49.0	1.22	1.2	.80	.66	715	280.2	80.5	-69.5	620	
50.0	1.15	1.1	.82	.67	707	280.7	78.1	-69.9	612	
51.0	1.07	1.1	.85	.69	698	281.3	76.0	-70.4	603	
52.0	1.01	1.0	.87	.71	689	281.5	73.8	-70.7	595	
53.0	0.94	0.9	.90	.73	677	281.7	71.7	-71.0	584	
54.0	0.96	1.0	.89	.72	682	281.9	69.6	-71.2	588	
55.0	0.88	0.9	.93	.75	668	282.0	67.7	-71.3	575	
56.0	0.82	0.8	.95	.78	658	282.1	65.7	-71.3	565	
57.0	0.90	0.9	.91	.74	674	282.2	63.8	-71.3	579	
58.0	1.13	1.1	.82	.65	716	282.2	62.0	-71.2	614	
38267.0	1.43	1.4	-13.72	-13.57	763	281.4	45.1	-66.7	642	
68.0	1.48	1.5	.71	.56	770	281.2	43.0	-65.8	646	
69.0	1.58	1.6	.68	.54	783	281.0	40.8	-64.9	655	
70.0	1.61	1.6	.67	.53	786	280.7	38.6	-63.9	656	
71.0	1.50	1.5	.70	.56	768	280.4	36.2	-62.9	639	
72.0	1.49	1.5	.70	.57	765	280.1	33.8	-61.8	635	

MJD	$-10^6 \dot{P}$	$-10^6 f_R$	$-10^6 P_A$	$\log \rho_{\pi}$	$\log \rho_s$	T_{π} (°K)	z (km)	$\alpha_{\pi} - \alpha_{\odot}$	$\delta_{\pi} - \delta_{\odot}$	T_N (°K)
38273.0	1.48	1.5	-13.70	-13.57	762	279.8	31.3	-60.6	631	
74.0	1.49	1.5	.70	.57	761	279.4	28.6	-59.4	629	
75.0	1.41	1.4	.72	.60	747	279.1	25.9	-58.2	616	
76.0	1.33	1.3	.74	.62	733	278.7	23.2	-56.9	603	
77.0	1.43	1.4	.71	.60	745	278.3	20.3	-55.6	612	
78.0	1.52	1.5	.69	.58	756	277.9	17.4	-54.2	620	
79.0	1.54	1.5	.68	.58	756	277.4	14.4	-52.8	620	
80.0	1.54	1.5	.68	.59	753	277.0	11.3	-51.4	617	
81.0	1.70	1.7	.64	.55	772	276.5	8.1	-50.0	633	
82.0	1.73	1.7	.63	.55	773	276.1	4.9	-48.5	634	
83.0	1.80	1.8	.62	.54	779	275.6	1.7	-47.0	640	
84.0	1.76	1.8	.62	.56	770	275.1	358.3	-45.5	634	
85.0	1.67	1.7	.64	.58	755	274.6	355.0	-44.0	624	
38286.0	1.75	1.8	-13.61	-13.56	769	274.1	351.5	-42.4	637	
86.5	2.37	2.4	.50	.45	840	273.9	349.8	-41.6	698	
87.0	2.84	2.8	.44	.40	883	273.6	348.0	-40.8	735	
87.5	2.80	2.8	.44	.40	881	273.4	346.3	-40.0	735	
88.0	2.53	2.5	.48	.47	827	270.3	344.9	-38.9	691	
88.5	2.43	2.4	.49	.49	813	270.0	343.2	-38.1	681	
89.0	2.59	2.6	.46	.46	833	269.7	341.4	-37.2	700	
89.5	2.65	2.7	.44	.45	841	269.4	339.6	-36.4	709	
90.0	2.67	2.7	.44	.46	839	269.1	337.8	-35.6	709	
90.5	2.48	2.5	.47	.49	815	268.7	336.0	-34.8	692	
91.0	2.46	2.5	.47	.49	813	268.4	334.1	-33.9	692	
91.5	2.31	2.3	.50	.53	789	268.1	332.3	-33.1	674	
92.0	2.27	2.3	.50	.53	787	267.8	330.5	-32.3	675	
92.5	2.31	2.3	.50	.53	785	267.5	328.6	-31.4	676	
93.0	2.46	2.5	.47	.50	804	267.2	326.8	-30.6	696	
93.5	2.76	2.8	.42	.46	833	266.8	324.9	-29.7	724	
94.0	3.47	3.5	.34	.38	900	266.5	323.0	-28.9	786	
94.5	3.68	3.7	.32	.36	917	266.2	321.2	-28.0	804	
95.0	4.00	4.0	.29	.33	943	265.9	319.3	-27.2	831	
95.5	4.12	4.1	.28	.33	949	265.6	317.4	-26.3	841	
96.0	2.95	3.0	.39	.45	842	265.3	315.5	-25.5	749	
96.5	2.50	2.5	.46	.53	790	265.0	313.6	-24.6	706	
97.0	2.26	2.3	.49	.56	767	264.7	311.7	-23.8	689	
97.5	2.33	2.3	.49	.57	765	264.4	309.8	-22.9	691	
38298.0	2.34	2.3	-13.49	-13.56	767	264.2	307.8	-22.0	696	
99.0	2.34	2.3	.48	.57	764	263.6	304.0	-20.3	700	
38300.0	2.19	2.2	.51	.60	745	263.0	300.1	-18.6	689	
01.0	2.10	2.1	.52	.62	732	262.5	296.2	-16.8	684	
02.0	1.93	1.9	.55	.66	711	262.0	292.3	-15.1	670	
03.0	1.65	1.6	.61	.73	676	261.5	288.4	-13.4	644	
04.0	1.42	1.4	.67	.80	646	261.0	284.4	-11.6	620	
05.0	1.39	1.4	.68	.82	640	260.6	280.4	-9.9	619	
06.0	1.38	1.4	.68	.82	637	260.1	276.5	-8.1	619	
07.0	1.38	1.4	.68	.83	635	259.7	272.5	-6.4	621	
08.0	1.46	1.5	.65	.81	643	259.3	268.5	-4.6	633	
09.0	1.64	1.6	.61	.77	662	259.0	264.5	-2.8	655	
10.0	2.21	2.2	.49	.64	721	258.6	260.5	-1.1	715	
11.0	2.35	2.3	.46	.62	733	258.3	256.4	0.7	729	

Table 2.--Explorer 17 - atmospheric and geomagnetic perturbations

MJD	ΔT	K_p (max)	a_p (max)
38134	166°	5-	39
150	148	6+	94
178	103	6-	67
187	208	70	132
198	154	5+	56
206	158	6-	67
216	154	6-	67
231	198	5+	56
234	144	5+	56
295	205	9-	300